

“When things go horribly wrong...”

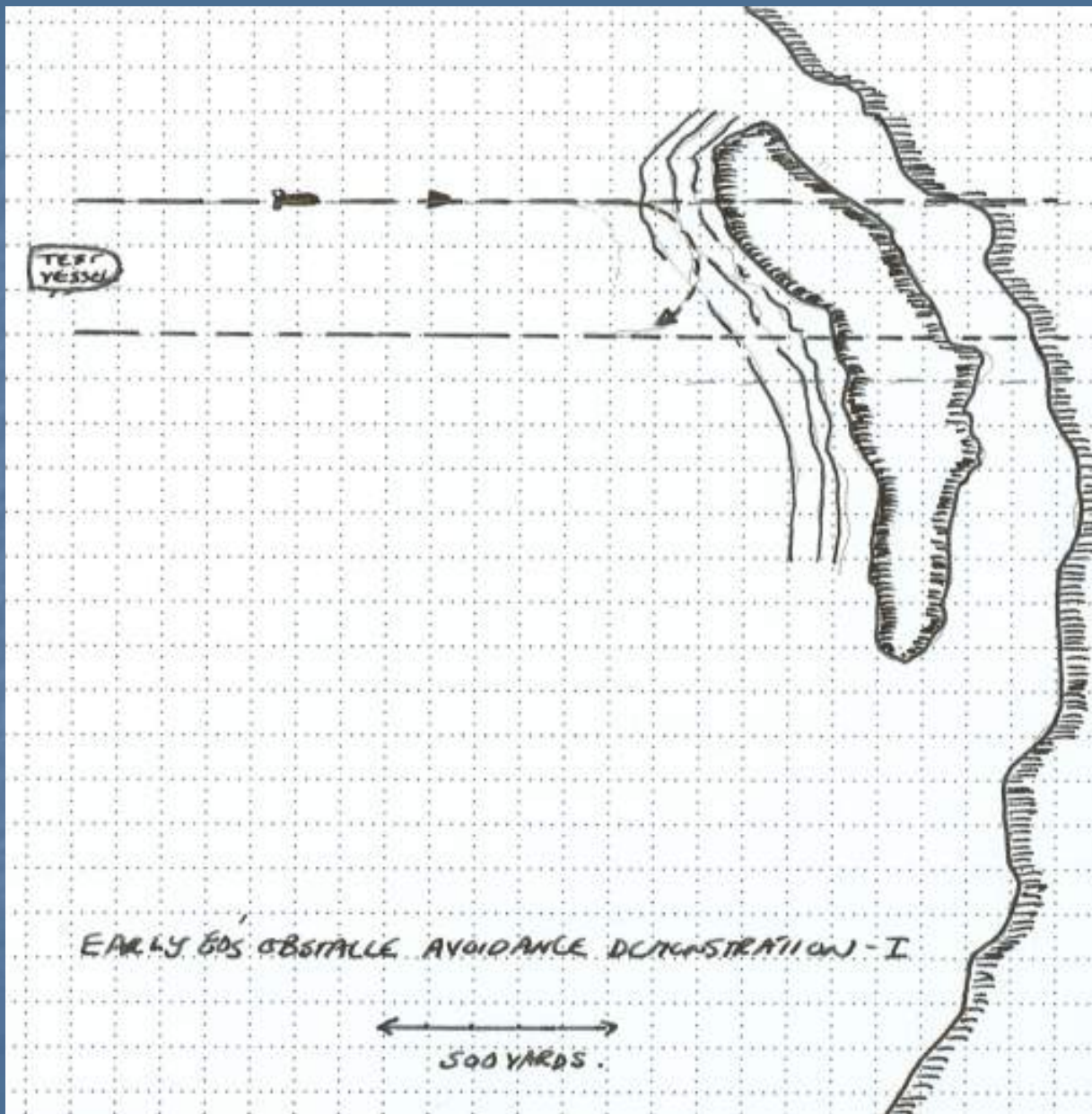
"What to do when things appear to go
horribly wrong..."

“When things go horribly wrong...”

- Presume to mean the loss of the vehicle under the ice.
- This loss can take the form of
 - Vehicle not showing up or checking in as required
- In this case

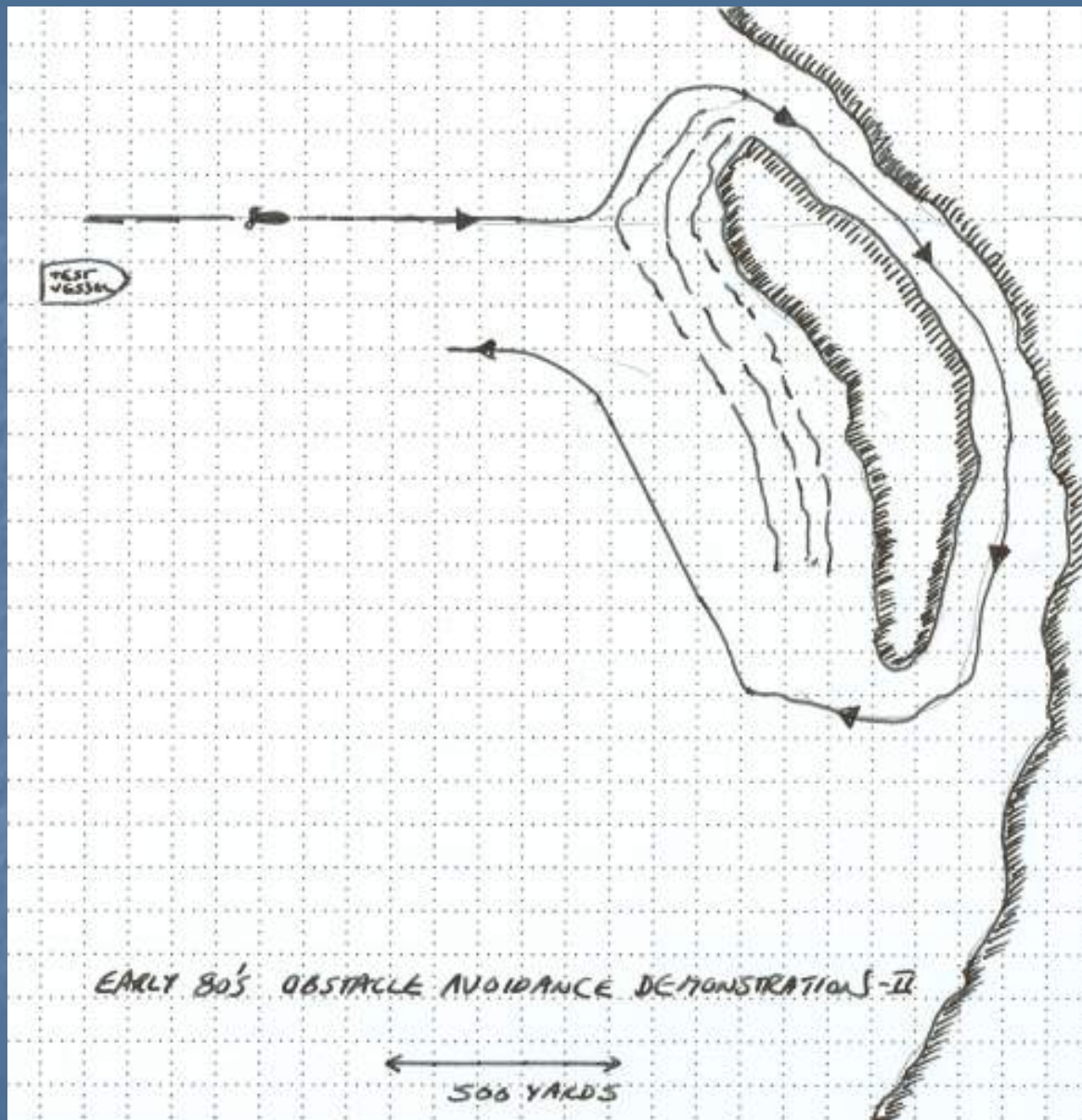
“when you think you’ve lost your vehicle...”

- Make no assumptions
- Take nothing for granted



EARLY 80S OBSTACLE AVOIDANCE DEMONSTRATION - I

← 500 YARDS →



“when you think you’ve lost your vehicle...

- Do not under any circumstances share your concern with the insurance man
- Do make every attempt to find it

“When things go horribly wrong...”

- Loss can also be real
 - Vehicle known to be on the bottom (or under the ice) and stopped
 - Vehicle known to have sunk in water depths exceeding its limit
- In these cases, you will benefit from careful pre-planning

“Losing your vehicle in the arctic ...”

- An event which is going to happen
 - AUVs have and will continue to be lost in open water for reasons that we may not be capable of controlling
 - Design flaws
 - Equipment malfunctions
 - Operations in dangerous environments
 - Human error
 - Conditions in the Arctic are not significantly different than anywhere else
- Accepting the inevitability of AUV losses, steps must be taken prior to deployment that
 - minimize the occurrence
 - Minimize the impact on current and near term operations.

Preparing for the inevitable ...

- Minimize the probability
 - Reliability engineering
 - **Design and build for the insurer**
 - **Testing and training**
 - redundancy and backup
 - What is permitted in the vehicle and what is not
 - Ops – avoid the awesome, riskier bthings to the end etc
- Think about when to talk to the insurance man ...
- Prepare for a salvage (sue and labor)
 - search tools (helicopter, balloon etc)
 - Portable hole making equipment
 - reconnection (portable operator console, telemetry, ROV)

Preparing for the inevitable ...

- Minimize the impact on current and near term operations.
 - Emergency location, recovery, restart equipment
 - Insurance
 - Spare vehicle (on- ice)
- Question – what to do with the “hot” spare...

Breakout Topics

- Should there be minimum requirements (or an Arctic check-off list) for under-ice ops – if so, what are they, and how do we establish them?
- is there new technology which could help to prevent a loss – if so, what is it, and what's the risk of it not working?
- Is it better to put the money into reliability engineering and training, or into insurance and redundancy?
- Insurance in the form of money or a spare vehicle is a requirement for ongoing arctic ops. Are we doing a good enough job in educating our funding sponsors about the risks ? If not, what more could we do?

Breakout Topics

- Should there be minimum requirements (or an Arctic check-off list) for Arctic ops – if so, what are they, and how do we establish them?
 - Weather forecasts (if available) and impact on ops
 - Best available ice forecasts
 - Don't ignore -search out local knowledge (weather, boita)
 - ECOR - Best Practices document
 - Safe search practices (grad students below decks)
 - Local HSE regulations (arctic)
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Breakout Topics

- is there new technology which could help to prevent a loss – if so, what is it, and what's the risk of it not working?
 - 400 KHz radio detectors (low risk)
 - fuzzy logic fault management too fuzzy
 - structured approach aids in fault reconstruction
 - New Fault Management systems - review previously recorded data, prove new algorithms, then consider prototyping in the AUV

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Breakout Topics

- Is it better to put the money into reliability engineering and training, or into insurance and redundancy?
 - Redundancy and reliability are part of the overall system design
 - Redundancy can be complex
 - Difficult to avoid reliability engineering
 - can't trust manufacturers data
 - AUV industry should collect its own and share it
 - AUV industry needs to manage its supply chain
 - Insurance - panel still out...
- Are we doing a good enough job in educating our funding sponsors about the risks ? If not, what more could we do?
 - Efforts have been made, but we need to improve