



# Objective Is To Identify

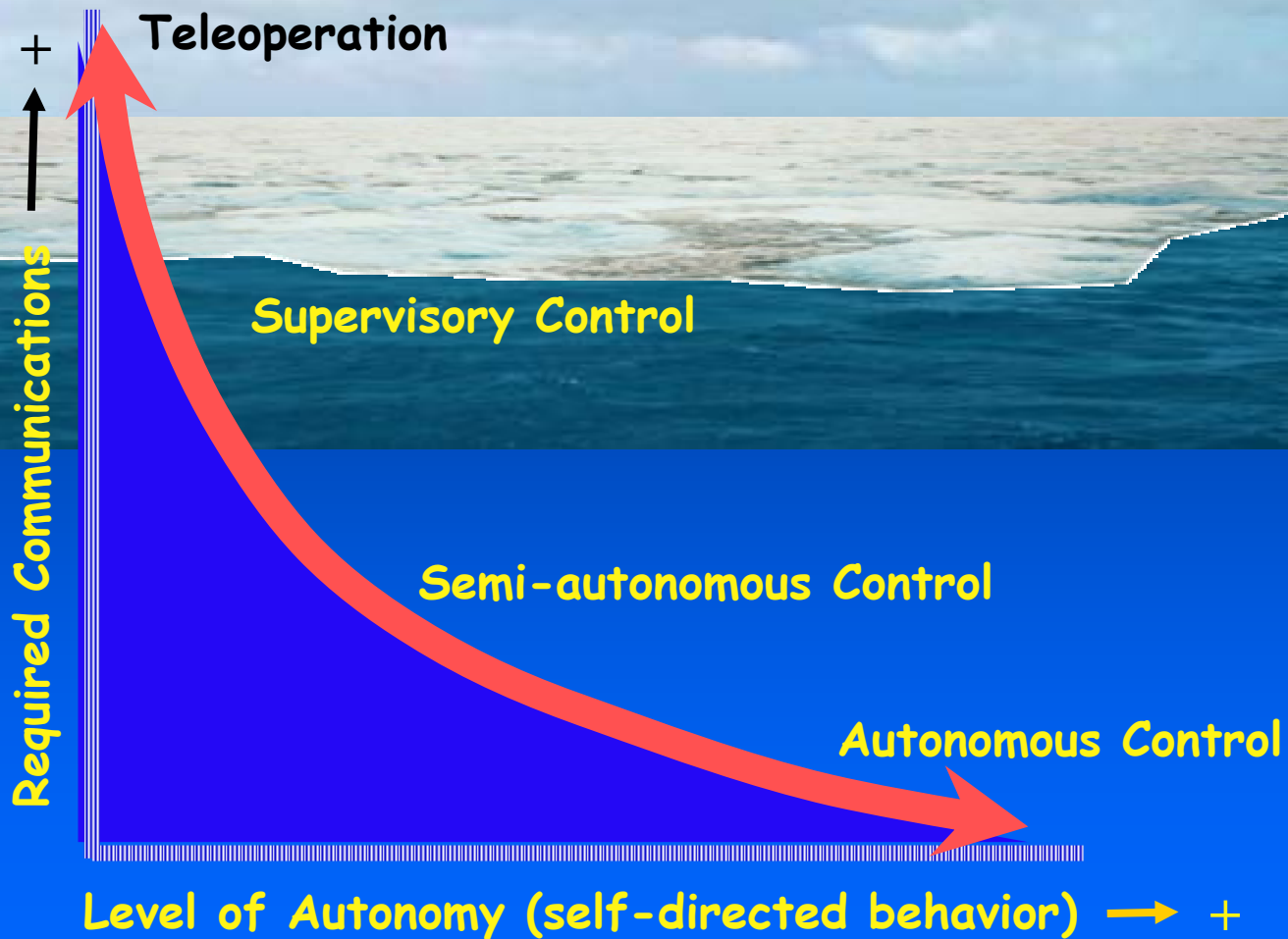
- **What are the Requirements**
- **What are Current Capabilities**
- **What Gaps exist – Prioritize**
- **Who is Doing What**
  - **In Other Communities**
- **What Should be done**
  - **What Problems to Focus on**



# Components of Communication

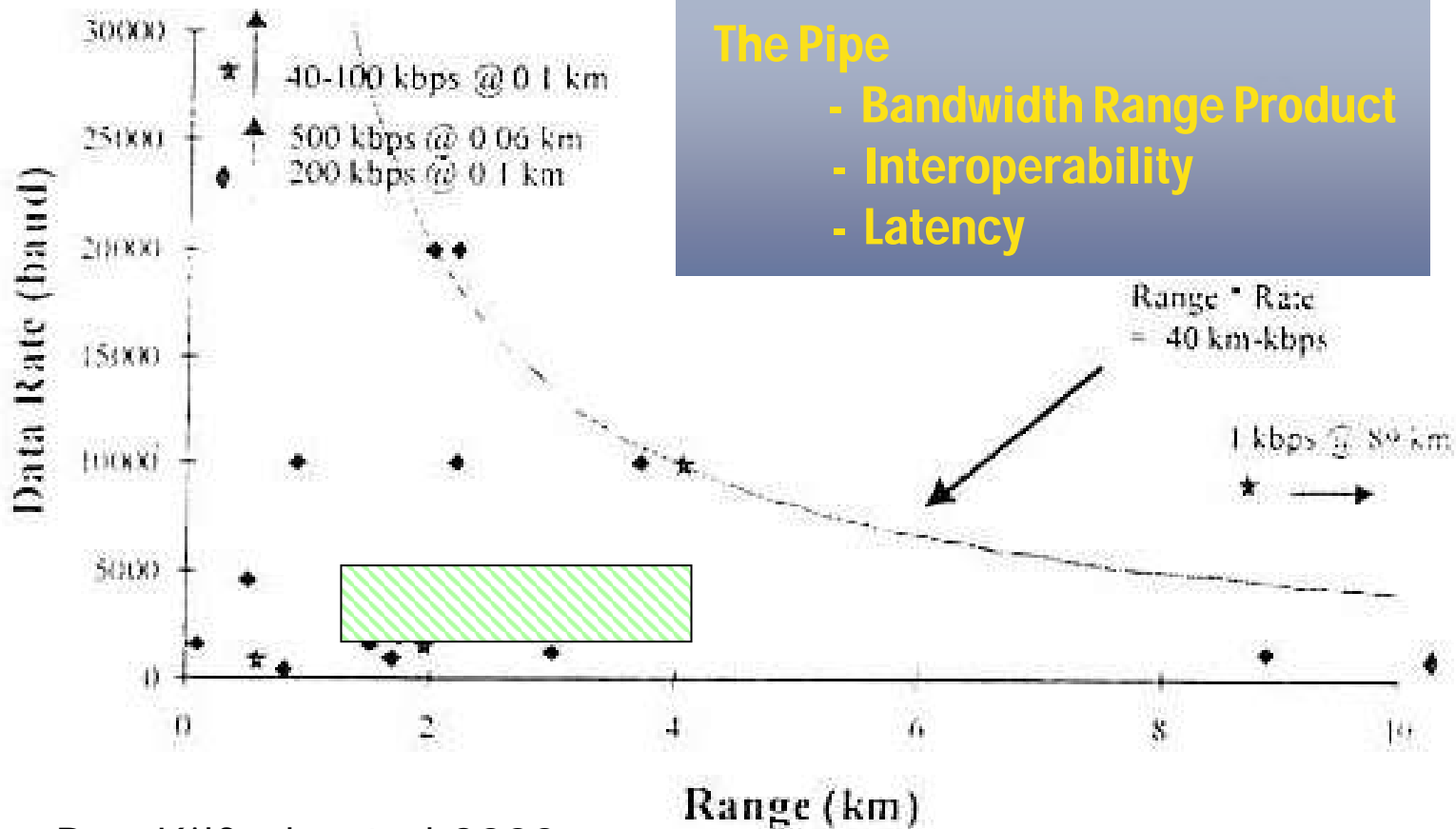
- **The Pipe - Physical Link – The Channel**
  - Bandwidth Range Product
  - Interoperability
  - Latency
- **The Network of Pipes**
  - Data Reliability
  - Media Access
  - Ad Hoc Routing
  - Store & Forward
- **The Information In the Pipes**
  - Priority of Information
  - Quality (Acceptable Error Rates)
  - Timeliness
  - Display / User Interface / Analysis Tools

# Communication Requirements Are Driven By the Level of Autonomy Required



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# Performance of Acoustic Communications Links



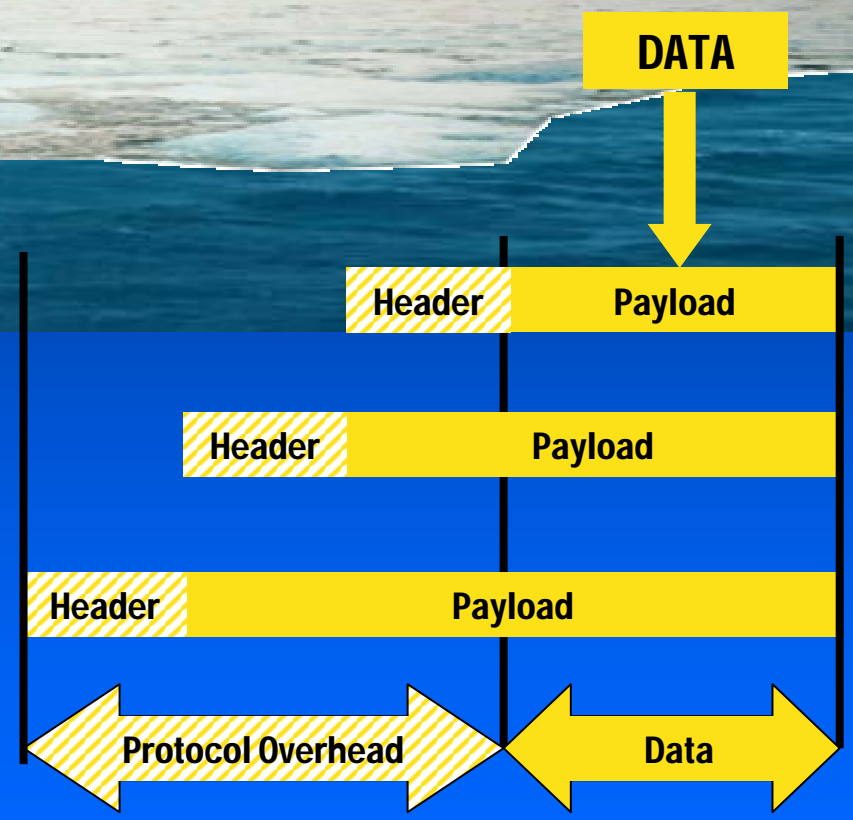
Dan Kilfoyle et al 2000

THE PIPE

# Overhead in the Acoustic Channel

THE NETWORK OF PIPES

Network Stack	Driving Analogy
Network Layer	Maps (or) Mapquest
Data Link Layer	Traffic Rules & vehicles
Physical Layer	Roads



# Metrics of Interest

- Time to reconnect after a **link failure**
- Performance under **multipoint** communication patterns.
- Performance under **multi-hop** transmissions
- Time to **establish connectivity** (setup time of the routing protocol)
- **Measures:**
  - Throughput (node to node vs. total network throughput)
  - Latency and latency variation under stable conditions
  - Transient effects during recovery from a link/node failure



# A Comparison of Efforts

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## Network Stack

## AUSI Team

## Seaweb

## WHOI

Network Stack	AUSI Team	Seaweb	WHOI
Network Layer	COFSNet & AUSNet (Dynamic Routing)	Static Routing	Star Network Topology for packet forwarding (no routing)
Data Link Layer	Frames No MAC	No Frames MAC: CSMA/CA	No Frames MAC: TDMA
Physical Layer	Benthos Acoustic Modems	Benthos Acoustic Modems with enhanced features	WHOI Micro Modem

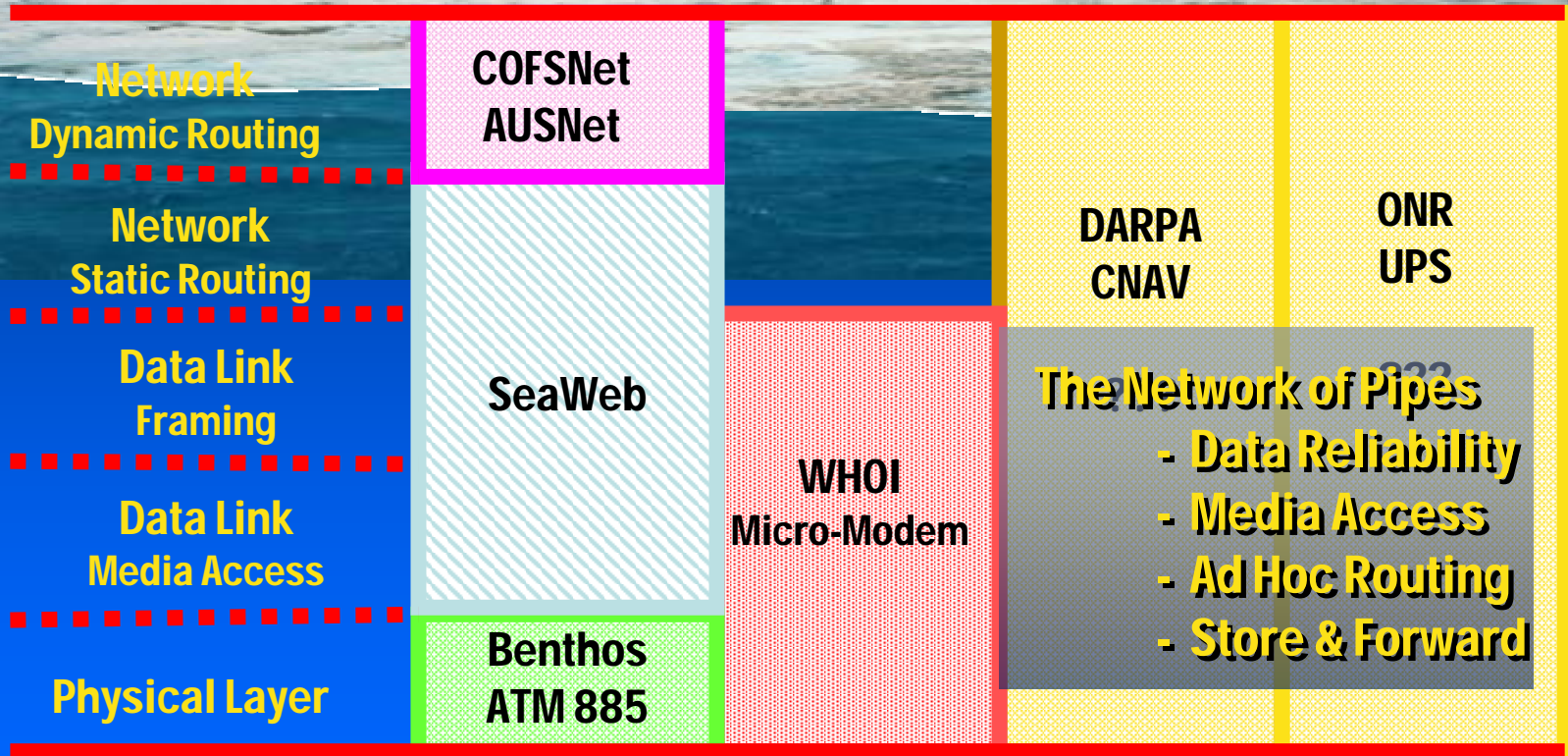


# Mobile Ad Hoc Network Protocols for the Underwater Environment

- **AUSNet**
  - Route Discovery
  - Route Maintenance
  - Dead Reckoning
  - Effective for More Nodes > 6 ????
- **COFSNet**
  - Flooding
  - TTL (Time To Live)
  - Effective for Few Nodes < 6 ???

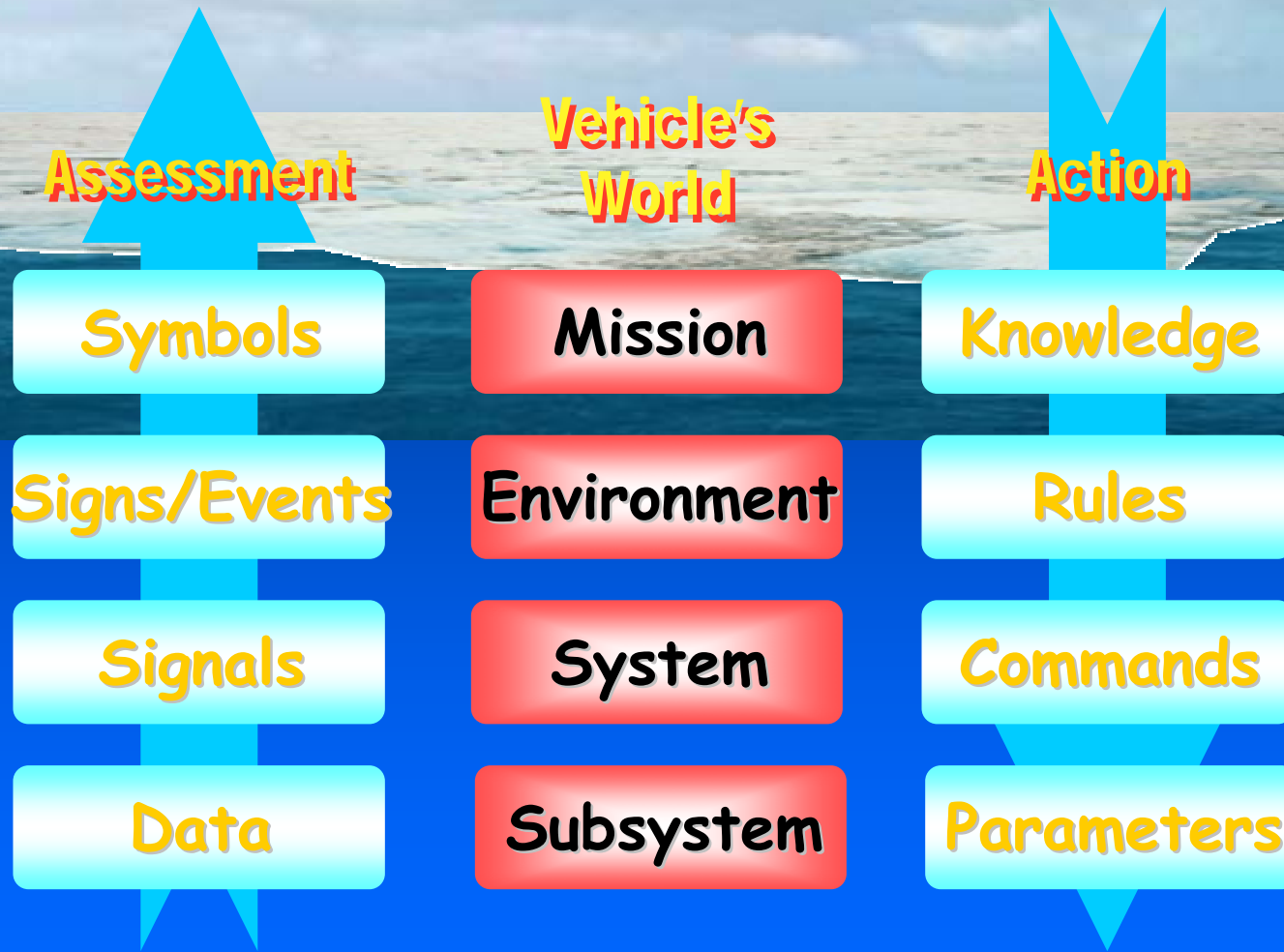
# Program Efforts Related to Underwater Acoustic Networking

THE NETWORK OF PIPES



# An Autonomous System's Control Factors

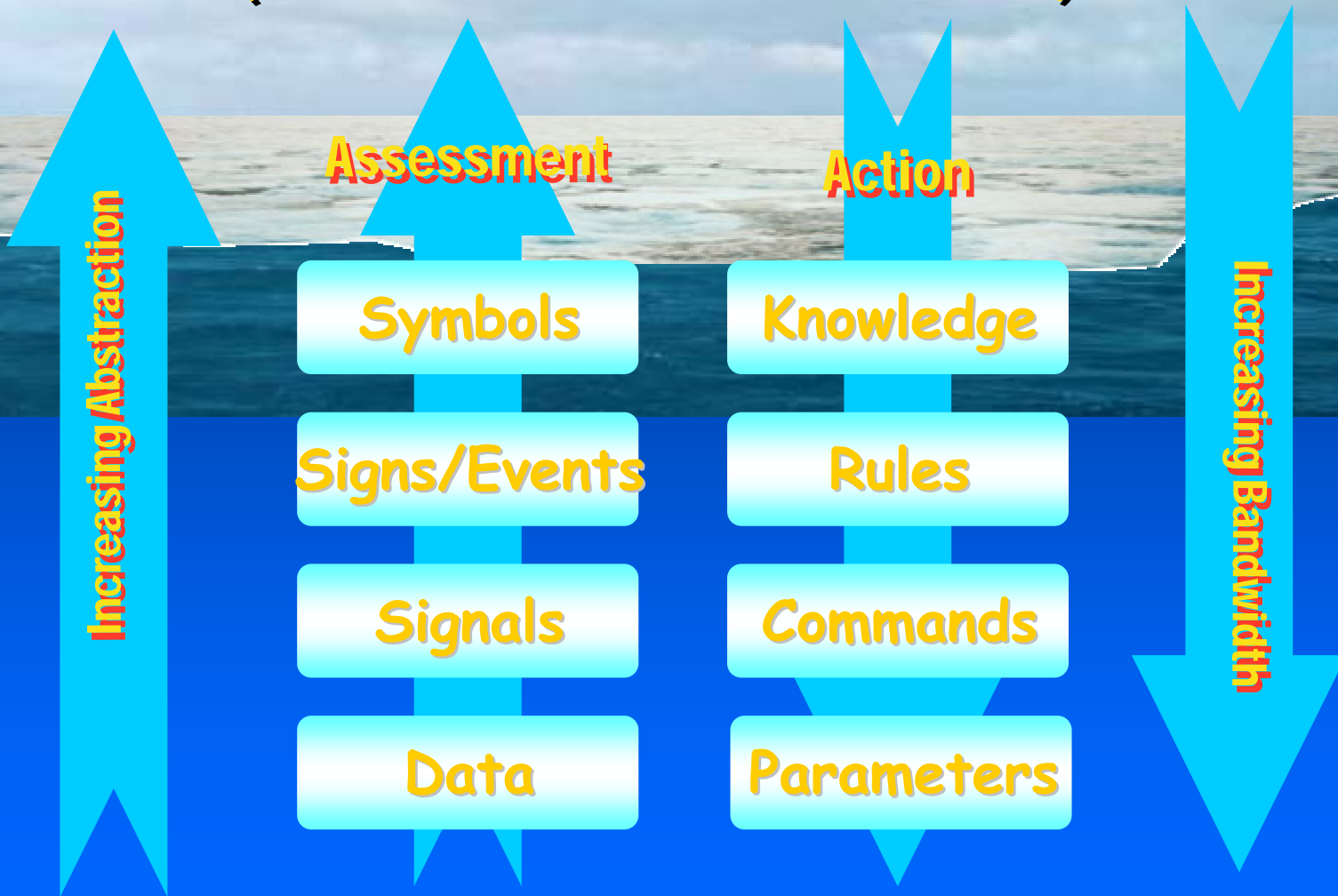
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# Information Hierarchy

(More Abstraction - Less Bandwidth)

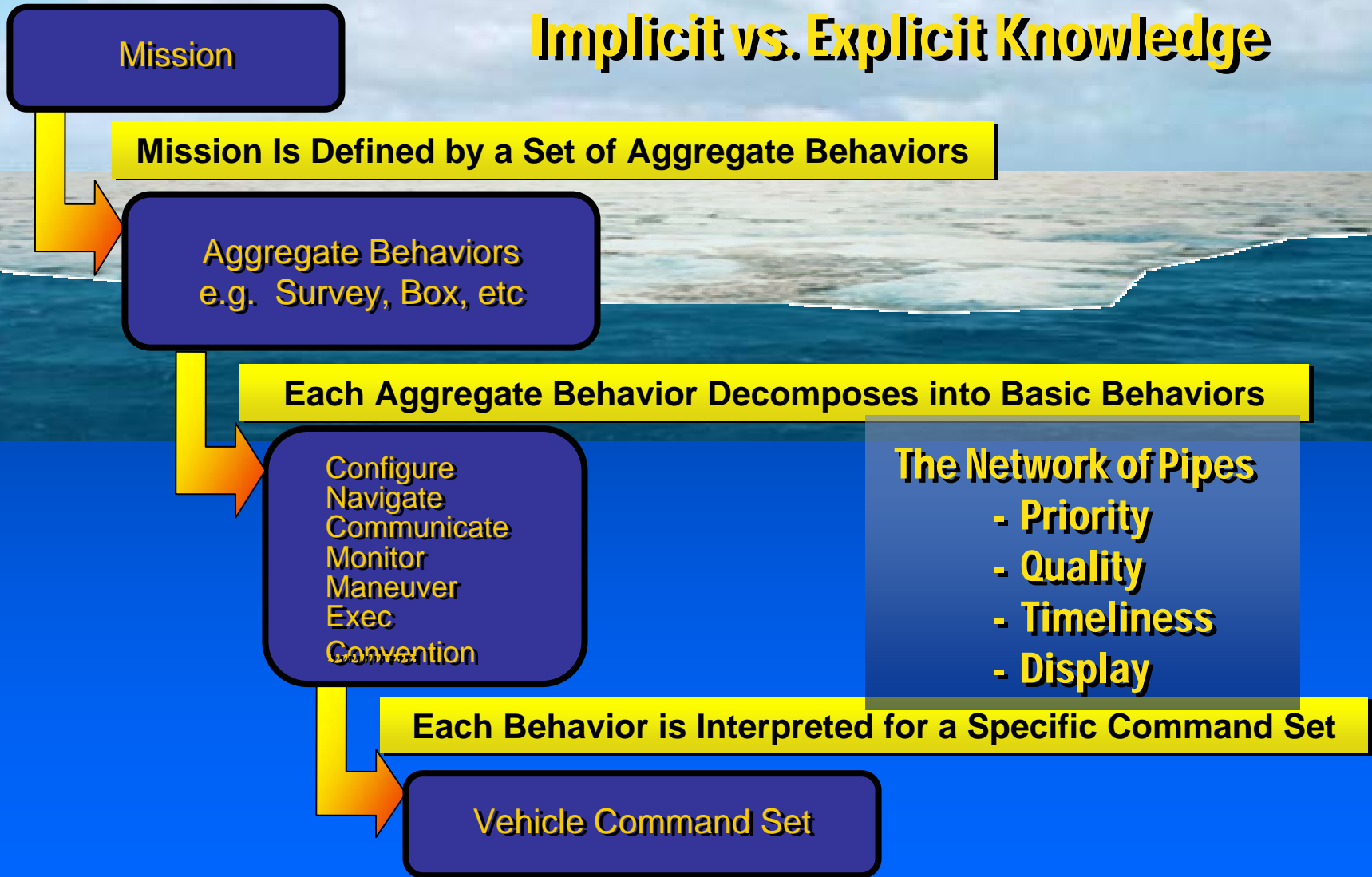
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# Common Control Language (CCL)

## Implicit vs. Explicit Knowledge

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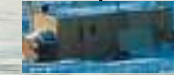




# Sample Scenario 1 - Ice Camp -



**Remote User**



**Ice Camp**

**AUV**

**Bottom Mounted Instruments**



# Sample Scenario 2 - Support Ship -



**Remote User**



**Support Ship**

**AUV**

**AUV**

**Bottom Mounted Instruments**



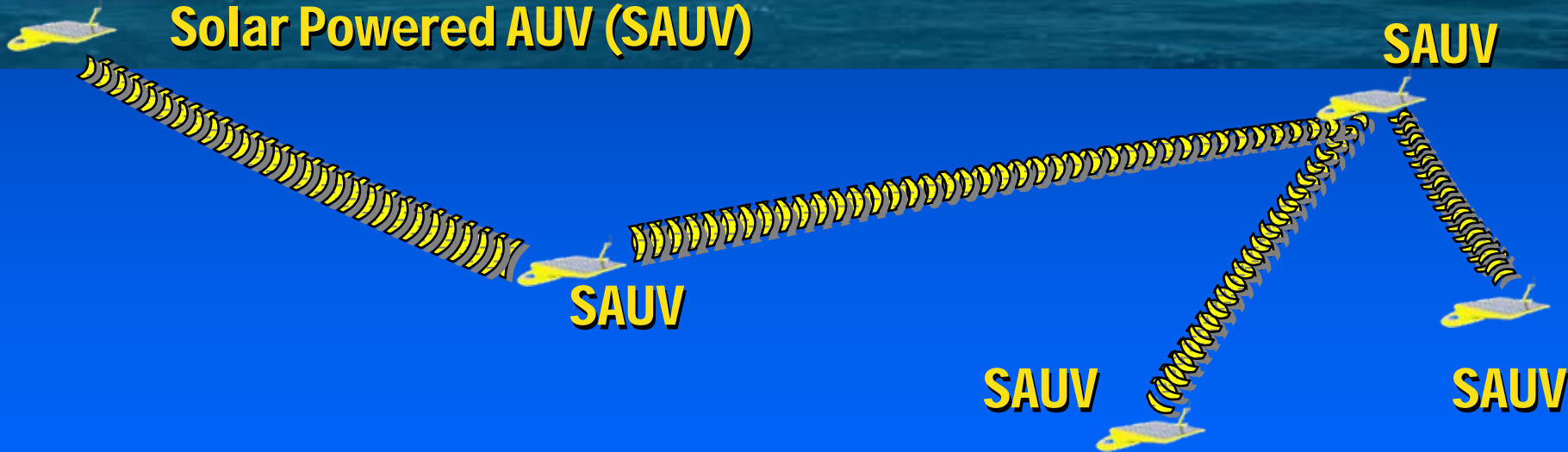
# Sample Scenario 3

## - 24/7 AUVs -



Remote User

Long Endurance AUV  
Solar Powered AUV (SAUV)





# Communication System Limitations

	<b>RF (e.g. Freewave)</b>	<b>Satellite (e.g. Iridium)</b>	<b>Acoustic (e.g. Many)</b>
<b>Pipe</b>	<b>Reasonable data rates Cost minimal issue Mechanical integration</b>	<b>Costly Limited Access Low Data Rates Coverage in polar regions</b>	<b>Limited range High latency Limited data rates Noisy, unreliable channels Channel access not guaranteed</b>
<b>Network</b>	<b>Networked systems? RF/Acoustic interface Limited range Antenna issues</b>	<b>Latency Integration with other protocols</b>	<b>No standard protocol Overhead impacts data rate Interface with other protocols Mobility complicates protocol</b>
<b>Information</b>	<b>Few information standards Limited bandwidth No accepted languages</b>	<b>Few information standards Limited bandwidth No accepted languages</b>	<b>Few information standards Limited bandwidth No accepted languages</b>



# Requirements - Subjective

	Status	Commands	Emergencies	Data/Info
Access	scheduled	scheduled	unscheduled	scheduled
Bandwidth	medium	medium	low	high
Reliability	medium	high	very high	low
Quality	medium	high	very high	Low to very high
Latency	minimal	minimal	minimal	low
Cost	low	minimal	not important	minimal



# Requirements - Quantitative

	Status	Commands	Emergencies	Data/Info
Access	1 per 4 hrs			
Bandwidth	200 bits			
Reliability	8 of 10			
Quality	1-5			
Latency	minutes			
Cost	50 P/blk			



# **Objective Is To Identify**

- **What Are The Requirements**
- **What Are Current Capabilities**
- **What Gaps Exist – Prioritize**
- **Who Is Doing What**
- **What Should Be Done First**

